



CONVENTION
ON CLUSTER MUNITIONS

Last updated: 26 June 2024



Netherlands

Signed: 3 December 2008
Ratified: 23 February 2011
Entered into force: 1 August 2011



Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention

Completed destruction of its cluster munition stockpiles in February 2012

Has retained some submunitions for training purposes in accordance with Article 3.6

Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education

Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control

Article 5 - Victim assistance

Does not have cluster munition victims

Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance

Provided financial assistance in 2023 for implementation of Articles 3, 4 and 5: Afghanistan, BiH, Guinea-Bissau, Iraq, Lao PDR, Lebanon, Libya, Nigeria, Senegal, South Sudan, Sudan, State of Palestine, Ukraine, Yemen, Zimbabwe and globally

The Netherlands provides support through its "[Mine Action and Cluster Munitions Programme 2020-2024](#)" in support of for a world free of the threat of mines and explosive remnants of war

Article 7 - Transparency measures

Initial transparency report submitted on 1 December 2011

Annual reports submitted covering: Annually from 2011 to 2023

Article 9 - National implementation measures

Existing laws – *Weapons and Ammunition Act* and *General law on Customs* - which include penal sanctions, are considered by the Netherlands as sufficient to implement the CCM

Amended [Market Abuse Decree](#) in January 2013 to outline that financial institutions must take adequate measures to not have transactions with companies that deal in cluster munitions

CCM Coordination Committee membership 2022-2024

Thematic Coordinator on Stockpile Destruction and Retention

Focal point contact details

Capital

Ministry of Foreign Affairs: astrid.ong@minbuza.nl

Focal point contact details

Geneva

Ms. Henriëtte van Gulik: henriette-van.gulik@minbuza.nl